

Find the Fourier series of the function:

$$(i) \quad f(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } -\pi < x < 0 \\ 1 & \text{if } 0 < x < \pi \end{cases}$$

→ we can use the Euler formulas;

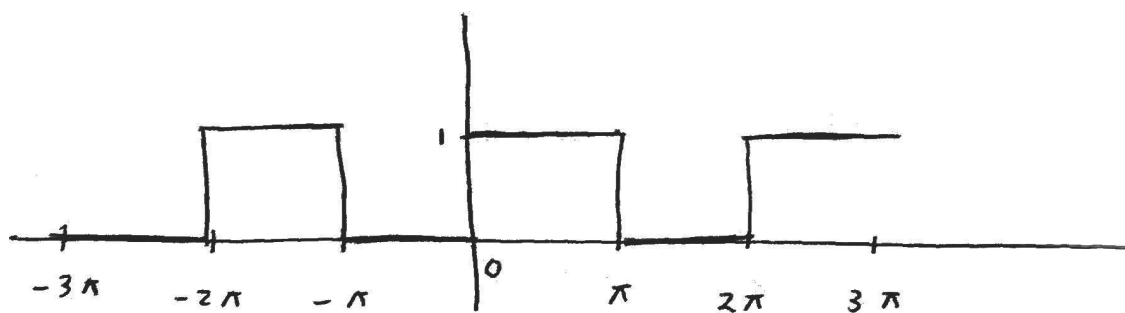
$$f(x) = a_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (a_n \cos(nx) + b_n \sin(nx))$$

where;

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) dx$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \cos(nx) dx$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \sin(nx) dx$$



$$a_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) dx$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^0 0 dx + \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi} 1 dx$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi} dx = \frac{1}{2\pi} x \Big|_0^{\pi} = \frac{1}{2\pi} [\pi - 0] = \boxed{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \cos(nx) dx$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^0 (0) \cos(nx) dx + \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} (1) \cos(nx) dx$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \cos(nx) dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \left[\frac{1}{n} \sin(nx) \right]_0^{\pi}$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \left[\frac{1}{n} \sin(n\pi) - \frac{1}{n} \sin(0) \right]$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{n\pi} [0 - 0] = \boxed{0}$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \sin(nx) dx$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^0 (0) \sin(nx) dx + \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} (1) \sin(nx) dx$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \sin(nx) dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \left[-\frac{1}{n} \cos(nx) \right]_0^{\pi}$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{n\pi} \left[-\cos(n\pi) - (-\cos(0)) \right]$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{n\pi} \left[-\cos(n\pi) + 1 \right]$$

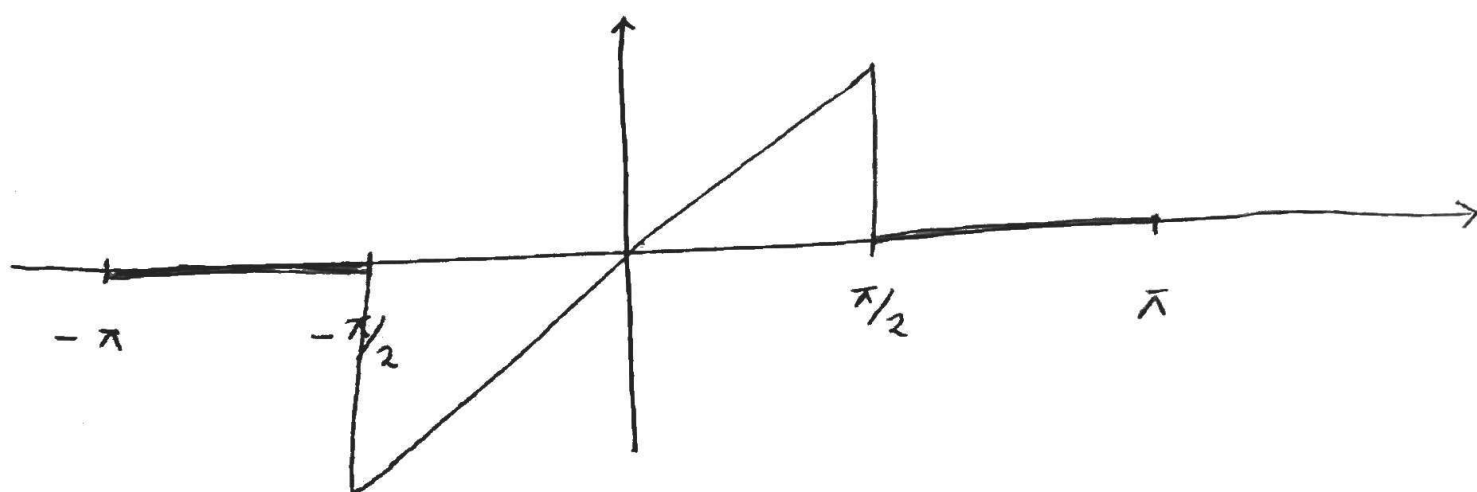
$$\cos(n\pi) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{for } n \text{ even} \\ -1 & \text{for } n \text{ odd} \end{cases} = (-1)^n$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{n\pi} \left[1 - (-1)^n \right] = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{n\pi} [1 - (-1)] = \frac{2}{n\pi} & \text{for } n \text{ odd} \\ \frac{1}{n\pi} [1 - 1] = 0 & \text{for } n \text{ even} \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow f(x) = \frac{1}{2} + \sum_{\substack{n=1 \\ \text{for} \\ n \text{ odd}}}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n\pi} \sin(nx)$$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{\pi} \left[\sin(x) + \frac{1}{3} \sin(3x) + \frac{1}{5} \sin(5x) + \dots \right]$$

$$(ii) f(x) = \begin{cases} x & \text{if } |x| < \pi/2 \\ 0 & \text{if } \pi/2 < |x| < \pi \end{cases}$$



$$f(x) = a_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (a_n \cos(nx) + b_n \sin(nx))$$

$$\rightarrow a_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) dx$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi} \left[\int_{-\pi}^{-\pi/2} 0 dx + \int_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2} x dx + \int_{\pi/2}^{\pi} 0 dx \right]$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2} x dx = \frac{1}{2\pi} \left[\frac{x^2}{2} \right]_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2}$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{4\pi} \left[\left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 - \left(-\frac{\pi}{2} \right)^2 \right] = \boxed{0}$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \cos(nx) dx$$

→ from $-\pi$ to $-\pi/2$ and $\pi/2$ to π ; $f(x) = 0$
⇒ don't need to consider these

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2} x \cos(nx) dx$$

integrate by parts; $\int u dv = uv - \int v du$

$$\rightarrow u = x \quad ; \quad du = dx$$

$$\rightarrow dv = \cos(nx) dx$$

$$v = \int \cos(nx) dx = \frac{1}{n} \sin(nx)$$

$$\Rightarrow \int x \cos(nx) dx = \frac{x}{n} \sin(nx) - \int \frac{1}{n} \sin(nx) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \left[\frac{x}{n} \sin(nx) + \frac{1}{n^2} \cos(nx) \right]_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \left[\frac{\pi}{2n} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right) + \frac{1}{n^2} \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right) + \frac{\pi}{2n} \sin\left(-\frac{n\pi}{2}\right) - \frac{1}{n^2} \cos\left(-\frac{n\pi}{2}\right) \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \left[\frac{\pi}{2n} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right) + \frac{1}{n^2} \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right) - \frac{\pi}{2n} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right) - \frac{1}{n^2} \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right) \right] = \boxed{0}$$

$$b_n = \int_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2} x \sin(nx) dx$$

integrate by parts; $\int u dv = uv - \int v du$

$$u = x$$

$$du = dx$$

$$dv = \sin(nx) dx$$

$$v = \int \sin(nx) dx = -\frac{1}{n} \cos(nx)$$

$$\rightarrow b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \left[-\frac{x}{n} \cos(nx) + \int \frac{1}{n} \cos(nx) dx \right]_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2}$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \left[-\frac{x}{n} \cos(nx) + \frac{1}{n^2} \sin(nx) \right]_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2}$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \left[-\frac{\pi}{2n} \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right) + \frac{1}{\pi n^2} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right) \right]$$

$$- \frac{1}{\pi} \left[-\left(-\frac{\pi}{2n} \cos\left(\frac{-n\pi}{2}\right) + \frac{1}{\pi n^2} \sin\left(\frac{-n\pi}{2}\right)\right) \right]$$

$$b_n = -\frac{1}{2n} \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right) + \frac{1}{\pi n^2} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right)$$

$$- \frac{1}{2n} \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right) + \frac{1}{\pi n^2} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right)$$

$$b_n = -\frac{1}{n} \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right) + \frac{2}{\pi n^2} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow f(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{2}{\pi n^2} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right) - \frac{1}{n} \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right) \right) \sin(nx)$$